

WHO HAS SEEN THE WIND?



1) What 'hangs trembling?'

The leaves

2) Why do you think the word 'trembling' has been used?

It makes it sound as if the leaves are scared of the wind. They may

be scared as it could blow them off of the tree and onto the ground.

3) Can you find examples of words that rhyme?

You and through, I and by

4) Why do you think the poet has described the trees as 'bowing their heads'?

Possible answers could be:

It makes it sound like the wind may have power over them as they are bowing.

It shows that the wind is important as the trees are bowing to it. They are bowing because the wind is blowing them over and it is powerful.

5) Why has the poet never seen the wind?

Wind is not something that we can see but we can see the effects of

it, e.g. trees bowing, dustbin lids rattling etc.

RAIN



1) Name two places that the rain falls.

fields

trees

umbrellas also accepted

2) Alliteration is when words begin with the same sound (e.g. rain, raining and around). Can you find other examples in the poem?

falls, field

3) Can you find examples of words that rhyme?

tree and sea

4) 'It falls on field and tree,'
What is 'it' in this line of the poem?

the rain

5) What do you think the poet means by 'raining all around'?

Possible explanations might include:

That when it rains, the rain gets everywhere.

It rains in one place and in another at the same time.
